

## General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 7007

January Session, 2001

LCO No. 4902

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

## AN ACT CONCERNING CRIME VICTIMS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 54-251 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 3 (a) Any person who has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a criminal offense against a victim 4 5 who is a minor or a nonviolent sexual offense, and is released into the community on or after October 1, 1998, shall, within three days 6 7 following such release, and whether or not such person's place of 8 residence is in this state, register such person's name, identifying 9 factors, criminal history record and residence address with the 10 Commissioner of Public Safety, on such forms and in such locations as the commissioner shall direct, and shall maintain such registration for 11 12 ten years except that any person who has one or more prior 13 convictions of any such offense or who is convicted of a violation of 14 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-70 shall maintain such 15 registration for life. Prior to accepting a plea of guilty or nolo 16 contendere from a person with respect to a criminal offense against a victim who is a minor or a nonviolent sexual offense, the court shall (1) 17

inform the person that the entry of a finding of guilty after acceptance 18 19 of the plea will subject the person to the registration requirements of 20 this section, and (2) determine that the person fully understands the 21 consequences of the plea. If such person changes such person's address 22 such person shall, within five days, register the new address in writing 23 with the Commissioner of Public Safety, and, if the new address is in 24 another state, such person shall also register with an appropriate 25 agency in that state, provided that state has a registration requirement 26 for such offenders. If any person who is subject to registration under 27 this section regularly travels into or within another state or 28 temporarily resides in another state for purposes including, but not 29 limited to employment or schooling, such person shall notify the 30 Commissioner of Public Safety and shall also register with an 31 appropriate agency in that state provided that state has a registration 32 requirement for such offenders. During such period of registration, 33 each registrant shall complete and return forms mailed to such 34 registrant to verify such registrant's residence address and shall submit 35 to the retaking of a photographic image upon request of the 36 Commissioner of Public Safety.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the court may exempt any person who has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 53a-71 from the registration requirements of this section if the court finds that such person was under nineteen years of age at the time of the offense and that registration is not required for public safety.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the court may exempt any person who has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-73a from the registration requirements of this section if the court finds that registration is not required for public safety.

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- 50 (d) Any person who files an application with the court to be 51 exempted from the registration requirements of this section pursuant 52 to subsection (b) or (c) of this section shall give notice of such application, on a form prescribed by the Office of Chief Court 53 54 Administrator, to the victim of the offense by registered or certified 55 mail and such victim shall have the opportunity to be heard thereon. 56 Prior to granting or denying such application, the court shall consider 57 any information or statements provided by the victim.
- [(d)] (e) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a class D felony.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (c) of section 54-255 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
  - (c) Any person who: (1) Has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a violation of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 53a-71 between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999, and was under nineteen years of age at the time of the offense; (2) has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a violation of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-73a between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999; (3) has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a criminal offense against a victim who is a minor, a nonviolent sexual offense or a sexually violent offense, between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999, where the victim of such offense was, at the time of the offense, under eighteen years of age and related to such person within any of the degrees of kindred specified in section 46b-21; (4) has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of a violation of section 53a-70b between October 1, 1988, and June 30, 1999; or (5) has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect of any crime between October 1, 1988, and September 30, 1998, which requires registration under sections 54-250 to 54-259, inclusive, and (A) served no jail or prison time as a result of such conviction or finding of not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect, (B) has not

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82 been subsequently convicted or found not guilty by reason of mental 83 disease or defect of any crime which would require registration under 84 sections 54-250 to 54-259, inclusive, and (C) has registered with the 85 Department of Public Safety in accordance with sections 54-250 to 54-86 259, inclusive; may petition the court to order the Department of Public 87 Safety to restrict the dissemination of the registration information to 88 law enforcement purposes only and to not make such information 89 available for public access. Any person who files such a petition shall 90 give notice of such petition, on a form prescribed by the Office of Chief 91 Court Administrator, to the victim of the offense by registered or 92 certified mail and such victim shall have the opportunity to be heard 93 thereon. Prior to granting or denying such petition, the court shall 94 consider any information or statements provided by the victim. The 95 court may order the Department of Public Safety to restrict the 96 dissemination of the registration information to law enforcement 97 purposes only and to not make such information available for public 98 access, provided the court finds that dissemination of the registration 99 information is not required for public safety.

- Sec. 3. Section 17a-601 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
  - (a) For the purposes of this section, "victim" means a person who is a victim of a [class A, B or C felony] <u>crime</u>, the legal representative of such person or a member of a deceased victim's immediate family.
  - (b) Any court rendering a judgment of acquittal pursuant to section 53a-13 shall make a specific finding as to whether there is a victim of the act committed by the acquittee and, if so, whether the victim desires notice pursuant to this section. If the court finds that a victim desires notice, it shall notify the victim of any hearing held by the court pursuant to section 17a-582 or 17a-593. The court shall, on committing an acquittee to the jurisdiction of the board, identify the victim to the board and the board shall thereafter make a reasonable effort to notify the victim of any board hearings or orders or of any escape of the

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- acquittee. The victim may appear at any court or board hearing concerning the acquittee to make a statement.
- 116 Sec. 4. Section 18-27a of the general statutes is repealed and the 117 following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- (a) For the purposes of this section, "victim" means [the victim] <u>a</u> person who is a victim of a crime, the legal representative of [the victim] <u>such person</u> or a member of a deceased victim's immediate family.
- 122 (b) At a session held by the Board of Pardons to consider whether to 123 grant a commutation of punishment or release, conditioned or 124 absolute, a commutation from the penalty of death or a pardon, 125 conditioned or absolute, to any person convicted of [a class A, B or C 126 felony or a violation of section 53a-60a, 53a-60c, 53a-72b, 53a-103a or 127 53a-216] any crime, the board shall permit any victim of the crime for 128 which the person was convicted to appear before the board for the 129 purpose of making a statement for the record concerning whether the 130 convicted person should be granted such commutation, release or 131 pardon. In lieu of such appearance, the victim may submit a written 132 statement to the board and the board shall make such statement a part 133 of the record at the session.
  - (c) If the Board of Pardons is prepared to grant a commutation of punishment or release, conditioned or absolute, a commutation from the penalty of death or a pardon, conditioned or absolute, to a person convicted of an offense involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against another person or resulting in the physical injury, serious physical injury or death of another person, it shall make reasonable efforts to locate and notify any victim of the crime for which such person was convicted prior to granting such commutation, release or pardon and shall permit such victim to appear before the board and make a statement or submit a statement as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

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- (d) Upon the granting to any person of a commutation of punishment or release, conditioned or absolute, a commutation from the penalty of death or a pardon, conditioned or absolute, the Board of
- Pardons shall forthwith notify the Office of Victim Services of its
- 149 action.
- Sec. 5. Section 54-126a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- (a) For the purposes of this section, "victim" means [the victim] <u>a</u> person who is a victim of a crime, the legal representative of [the victim] <u>such person</u> or a member of [the] <u>a</u> deceased victim's immediate family.
- 156 (b) At a hearing held by a panel of the Board of Parole for the 157 purpose of determining the eligibility for parole of an inmate 158 incarcerated for the commission of [a class A, B or C felony or for a 159 violation of section 53a-60a, 53a-60c, 53a-72b, 53a-103a or 53a-216] any 160 <u>crime</u>, such panel shall permit any victim of the crime for which the 161 inmate is incarcerated to appear before the panel for the purpose of 162 making a statement for the record concerning whether the inmate 163 should be released on parole or the nature of any terms or conditions 164 to be imposed upon any such release. In lieu of such appearance, the 165 victim may submit a written statement to the panel and the panel shall 166 make such statement a part of the record at the parole hearing.
- Sec. 6. Section 54-91c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- (a) For the purposes of this section, "victim" means a person who is a victim of a [class A, B or C felony or a violation of section 53a-72a or 53a-72b] <u>crime</u>, the legal representative of such person or a member of a deceased victim's immediate family.
- 173 (b) Prior to the imposition of sentence upon any defendant who has 174 been found guilty of [a class A, B or C felony or a violation of section

53a-72a or 53a-72b] any crime or has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to any [class A, B or C felony or a violation of section 53a-72a or 53a-72b] crime and prior to the acceptance by the court of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere made pursuant to a plea agreement with the state wherein the defendant pleads to a lesser offense than the offense with which such defendant was originally charged, the court shall permit the victim of the crime to appear before the court for the purpose of making a statement for the record, which statement may include the victim's opinion of any plea agreement. In lieu of such appearance, the victim may submit a written statement or, if the victim of the crime is deceased, the legal representative or a member of the immediate family of such crime victim may submit a statement of such deceased crime victim to the state's attorney, assistant state's attorney or deputy assistant state's attorney in charge of the case. Such state's attorney, assistant state's attorney or deputy assistant state's attorney shall file the statement with the sentencing court and the statement shall be made a part of the record at the sentencing hearing. Any such statement, whether oral or written, shall relate to the facts of the case, the appropriateness of any penalty and the extent of any injuries, financial losses and loss of earnings directly resulting from the crime for which the defendant is being sentenced. After consideration of any such statements, the court may refuse to accept, where appropriate, a negotiated plea or sentence, and the court shall give the defendant an opportunity to enter a new plea and to elect trial by jury or by the court.

(c) Prior to the imposition of sentence upon such defendant and prior to the acceptance of a plea pursuant to a plea agreement, the state's attorney, assistant state's attorney or deputy assistant state's attorney in charge of the case shall advise the victim of such crime of the date, time and place of the original sentencing hearing or any judicial proceeding concerning the acceptance of a plea pursuant to a plea agreement, provided the victim [or, if the victim of the crime is deceased, the legal representative or a member of the immediate family of such deceased crime victim] has informed such state's

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209 attorney, assistant state's attorney or deputy assistant state's attorney 210 that such victim wishes to make or submit a statement as provided in 211 subsection (b) of this section and has complied with a request from 212 such state's attorney, assistant state's attorney or deputy assistant 213 state's attorney to submit a stamped, self-addressed postcard for the 214 purpose of such notification. If the state's attorney, assistant state's 215 attorney or deputy assistant state's attorney is unable to notify the 216 victim, [or any family member of such victim if such victim is 217 deceased, such state's attorney, assistant state's attorney or deputy 218 state's attorney shall sign a statement as to such notification.

- (d) Upon the request of a victim, prior to the acceptance by the court of a plea of a defendant pursuant to a proposed plea agreement, the state's attorney, assistant state's attorney or deputy assistant state's attorney in charge of the case shall provide such victim with the terms of such proposed plea agreement in writing.
- (e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any proceedings held in accordance with section 46b-121 or section 54-76h.
- Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 52-259a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 228 (a) Any member of the Division of Criminal Justice, the Division of 229 Public Defender Services or the Family Division or Support 230 Enforcement Division of the Superior Court, the Attorney General, an 231 assistant attorney general, the Consumer Counsel, any attorney 232 employed by the Office of Consumer Counsel within the Department 233 of Public Utility Control, the Department of Revenue Services, the 234 Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, the Freedom of 235 Information Commission, the Board of Labor Relations, [or] the Office 236 of Protection and Advocacy for Persons with Disabilities or the Office 237 of the Victim Advocate, or any attorney appointed by the court to 238 assist any of them or to act for any of them in a special case or cases, 239 while acting in [his] <u>such attorney's</u> official capacity or in the capacity 240 for which [he] such attorney was appointed, shall not be required to

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- 241 pay the fees specified in sections 52-258, 52-259 and 52-259c, subsection
- 242 (a) of section 52-356a, subsection (a) of section 52-361a and subsection
- 243 (n) of section 46b-231.
- Sec. 8. Section 46a-13c of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 245 following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 246 The Victim Advocate may, within available appropriations:
- 247 (1) Evaluate the delivery of services to victims by state agencies and
- 248 those entities that provide services to victims, including the delivery of
- 249 services to families of victims by the Office of the Chief Medical
- 250 Examiner;
- 251 (2) Coordinate and cooperate with other private and public agencies
- 252 concerned with the implementation, monitoring and enforcement of
- 253 the constitutional rights of victims and enter into cooperative
- 254 agreements with public or private agencies for the furtherance of the
- 255 constitutional rights of victims;
- 256 (3) Review the procedures established by any state agency or other
- 257 entity providing services to victims with respect to the constitutional
- 258 rights of victims;
- 259 (4) Receive and review complaints of persons concerning the actions
- 260 of any state or other entity providing services to victims and
- 261 investigate those where it appears that a victim or family of a victim
- 262 may be in need of assistance from the Victim Advocate; and
- 263 (5) File a limited special appearance in any court proceeding for the
- 264 purpose of advocating for the legal rights of a victim. [:
- 265 (A) The right to notification of court proceedings;
- 266 (B) The right to attend the trial and all other court proceedings the
- accused has the right to attend, unless such person is to testify and the
- 268 court determines that such person's testimony would be materially

- affected if such person hears other testimony;
- (C) The right to object to or support any plea agreement entered into
- 271 by the accused and the prosecution and to make a statement to the
- court prior to the acceptance by the court of the plea of guilty or nolo
- 273 contendere by the accused;
- (D) The right to make a statement to the court at sentencing;
- 275 (E) The right to restitution which shall be enforceable in the same
- 276 manner as any other cause of action or as otherwise provided by law;
- 277 and
- 278 (F) The right to information about the arrest, conviction, sentence,
- 279 imprisonment and release of the accused;
- 280 (6) Ensure a centralized location for victim services information;
- 281 (7) Recommend changes in state policies concerning victims,
- including changes in the system of providing victim services;
- 283 (8) Conduct programs of public education, undertake legislative
- advocacy, and make proposals for systemic reform;
- 285 (9) Monitor the provision of protective services to witnesses by the
- 286 Chief State's Attorney pursuant to section 54-82t; and
- 287 (10) Take appropriate steps to advise the public of the services of the
- 288 Office of the Victim Advocate, the purpose of the office and
- 289 procedures to contact the office.]
- Sec. 9. Section 46a-13d of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 291 following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 292 (a) (1) All state, local and private agencies shall have a duty to
- 293 cooperate with any investigation conducted by the Office of the Victim
- 294 Advocate. Consistent with the provisions of the general statutes
- 295 concerning the confidentiality of records and information, the Victim

Advocate shall have access to, including the right to inspect and copy, any records necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the Victim Advocate as provided in section 46a-13c. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to waive a victim's right to confidentiality of [communication] communications or records as protected by [and provisions] any provision of the general statutes or common law.

- (2) The Victim Advocate may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of books, papers and other documents and to administer oaths to witnesses in any matter under the Victim Advocate's investigation. If any person to whom such subpoena is issued fails to appear or, having appeared, refuses to give testimony or fails to produce the evidence required, the Victim Advocate may apply to the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford which shall have jurisdiction to order such person to appear and give testimony or to produce such evidence, as the case may be.
- Sec. 10. Subsection (c) of section 53a-28 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 315 (c) In addition to any sentence imposed pursuant to subsection (b) 316 of this section, if a person is convicted of an offense that resulted in 317 injury to another person or damage to or loss of property, the court 318 shall order the offender to make financial restitution [if it determines 319 that financial restitution is] under terms that it determines are 320 appropriate. In determining [whether] the appropriate terms of 321 financial restitution, [is appropriate,] the court shall consider: (1) The 322 financial resources of the offender and the burden restitution will place 323 on other obligations of the offender; (2) the offender's ability to pay 324 based on installments or other conditions; (3) the rehabilitative effect 325 on the offender of the payment of restitution and the method of 326 payment; and (4) other circumstances, including the financial burden 327 and impact on the victim, that the court determines makes the terms of

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- restitution appropriate. [or inappropriate.] Restitution ordered by the court pursuant to this subsection shall be based on easily ascertainable damages for injury or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for treatment for injury to persons and lost wages resulting from injury. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering or other intangible losses, but may include the costs of counseling reasonably related to the offense.
  - Sec. 11. Subsection (d) of section 46b-140 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
  - (d) If the child has engaged in conduct which results in property damage or personal injury, the court [may] shall order the child or the parent or parents or guardian of the child, if such parent or parents or guardian had knowledge of and condoned the conduct of the child, or both the child and the parent or parents or guardian, to make [full or partial] restitution to the victim of such offense, provided the liability of such parent or parents or guardian shall be limited to an amount not exceeding the amount such parent or parents or guardian would be liable for in an action under section 52-572. Restitution may consist of monetary reimbursement for the damage or injury, based on the child's or the parent's, parents' or guardian's ability to pay, as the case may be, in the form of a lump sum or installment payments, paid to the court clerk or such other official designated by the court for distribution to the victim.
  - Sec. 12. (NEW) The Chief Court Administrator shall provide office space and telephone service in each courthouse for family violence victim advocates.

## Statement of Purpose:

To require notification of victims when a person requests to be exempted from registering as a sexual offender or requests restriction on the dissemination of registration information, to permit victims of class D felonies and misdemeanors to appear and make a statement before the court, Board of Pardons, Psychiatric Security Review Board and Board of Parole, to allow the victim of an offense that resulted in

physical injury to appear and make a statement before the Board of Pardons, to waive certain filing fees for attorneys in the Office of the Victim Advocate, to authorize the Victim Advocate to file a limited special appearance to advocate a victim's legal rights, to authorize the Victim Advocate to issue subpoenas, to mandate restitution to crime victims and to require office space be furnished to victim advocates in courthouses.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]